- (A) UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.— From the United States Geological Survey, not less than 200 full-time equivalent positions, including all filled and unfilled commodity and country specialists within the United States Geological Survey Minerals Information Team immediately before the enactment of this Act.
- (B) DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR, GENERALLY.—From the Department of the Interior generally not less that 100 full time equivalent positions of an administrative nature, including communications and public affairs specialists, congressional and legislative liaison specialists, human resources personnel, librarians, administrative assistants, information technology management specialists, publication service specialists, and budget analysts.
- (3) SUBSEQUENT APPOINTMENTS.—The Administrator may appoint such employees as may be necessary to positions that are transferred under paragraph (2), but vacant on the date of the transfer of the positions. Such appointments shall be subject to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service. Such positions shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.

 (d) WRITTEN AND ELECTRONIC MATERIALS.—
- (d) WRITTEN AND ELECTRONIC MATERIALS.—
 The Secretary of the Interior shall transfer to the Administrator all existing written and electronic materials under the control of the Department pertaining to mineral commodities and mineral resources, including mineral commodity time series data, library materials, maps, unpublished data files, and existing mineral commodity reports prepared or held by the United States Geological Survey and its predecessor agency, the Bureau of Mines.

SEC. _04. DUTIES OF THE ADMINISTRATOR.

- (a) MINERAL COMMODITY DATA AND INFORMATION PROGRAM.—The Administrator shall carry out a central, comprehensive, and unified mineral commodity data and information program to collect, evaluate, assemble, analyze, and disseminate data and information regarding mineral resources and reserves, mineral commodity production, consumption, and technology, and related economic and statistical information, that is relevant to the adequacy of mineral resources to meet demands in the near term and longer term future for the Nation's economic and social needs.
- (b) MINERAL COMMODITY DATA TIME SERIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall continue to maintain all existing mineral commodity data time series maintained by the Department of the Interior immediately before the enactment of this Act, and shall develop such new mineral commodity data time series as the Administrator finds useful and proper after consulting with other Federal and State agencies and the public.
- (2) Public comment.—The Administrator shall—
- (A) provide for public review and comment regarding all mineral commodity data time series maintained by the Department of the Interior immediately before the enactment of this Act, by not later than 15 years after such date of enactment; and
- (B) seek public comments on a continuing basis on the adequacy and accuracy of any time series added after the date of the enactment of this Act, not later than 5 years after the inception of such new series.
- (c) Projections of Supply and Usage Patterns.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall— (A) not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, prepare and make

- available to the public an analysis of projected mineral commodity supply and usage patterns by the United States at 10, 25, and 50 year intervals following such date of enactment; and
- (B) update such analysis and make it publicly available every 5 years thereafter.
- (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In preparing such analyses, the Administrator shall take into consideration—
 - (A) market trends;
 - (B) geopolitical considerations; and
- (C) the reasonably foreseeable advances in basic industries, high technology, material sciences, and energy usage.
- (d) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Administrator shall annually publish and submit to the Congress a report on the state of the domestic mining, minerals, and mineral reclamation industries, including a statement of the trend in utilization and depletion of the domestic supplies of mineral commodities.
- (e) MINERAL COMMODITY REPORTS.—The Administrator—
- (1) shall continue to prepare and distribute all series of mineral commodity reports prepared and published by the Bureau of Mines and the United States Geological Survey as of the date of the enactment of this Act, including—
 - (A) all volumes of the Minerals Yearbook;
 - (B) Mineral Commodity Summaries;
 - (C) Mineral Industry Surveys;
 - (D) Metal Industry Indicators;
- (E) Nonmetallic Mineral Product Industry Indexes;
- (F) minerals supply analyses for selected commodities;
- (G) material flow studies and recycling reports; and
- (H) Historical Statistics for Mineral and Material Commodities;
- (2) may develop, prepare, and publish additional reports related to mineral commodities as the Administrator considers appropriate
- (f) Analysis With Respect Sustaining Energy Usage.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Mineral Commodity Information Administration shall, in 2007 and each year thereafter, following the issuance of the Annual Energy Outlook analysis prepared by the Administrator of the Energy Information Administration, prepare and publish an analysis of the foreign and domestic mineral commodities that will be required by the United States to sustain the energy supply, demand, and prices projected by such Annual Energy Outlook analysis.
- (2) JOINT AGREEMENT.—The Administrator of the Energy Information Agency and the Administrator of the Mineral Commodity Information Administration may, at their sole discretion, enter into a joint agreement for preparation of a unified analysis to meet the requirements of this paragraph.
- (g) OTHER APPROVAL NOT REQUIRED.—The Administrator—
- (1) shall not be required to obtain the approval of any other officer or employee of the United States in connection with the collection or analysis of any information; and
- (2) shall not be required, prior to publication, to obtain the approval of any other officer or employee of the United States with respect to the substance of any analytical studies, statistical, or forecasting technical reports that the Administrator has prepared in accordance with law.

SEC. _05. EXCEPTIONS TO INFORMATION AVAILABILITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 552 of title 5, United States Code, and except as provided in subsection (b), data and information provided to the Administrator by persons or firms engaged in any phase of mineral or mineral-material production or

- large-scale consumption shall not be disclosed outside of the Administration in a nonaggregated form in such a manner as may disclose data and information supplied by an individual or other person, unless such person authorizes such disclosure after the person is provided notice and an opportunity to object.
- (b) DISCLOSURE TO FEDERAL DEFENSE OR HOMELAND SECURITY AGENCIES.—The Administrator may disclose nonaggregated data and information to any agency of the Department of Homeland Security or the Department of Defense, upon written request by the head of the agency for appropriate purposes.

SEC. 06. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall establish an advisory committee to be known as the Mineral Commodity Advisory Committee.
 - (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Advisory Committee—
- (1) shall respond to all questions referred to it by the Administrator regarding any matter related to the activities authorized by this title:
- (2) shall undertake such studies and inquiries as are necessary to provide answers, advice, and recommendations on matters referred to it by the Administrator; and
- (3) in carrying out such studies, may seek information from individuals, business enterprises, colleges, universities, and any State or Federal agency.
- (c) Participation in Reviews of Materials.—The Administrator shall invite the Advisory Committee to participate in any public review of materials prepared pursuant to section 04.
 - (d) Membership.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Committee—
- (A) shall consist of 15 individuals appointed in accordance with paragraph (2); and
- (B) shall include—
- (i) one representative from each of a mineral exploration company, a metallic mineral producer, an industrial mineral producer, and an aggregate producer;
- (ii) one representative from each of the State geologists, mining labor organizations, and the mining finance industry;
- (iii) two representatives from small businesses;
- (iv) three representatives from manufacturing industries; and
 - (v) three purchasing professionals.
- (2) APPOINTMENT.—The Administrator shall appoint the members of the Advisory Committee from among individuals who—
- (A) are not officers or employees of the Federal Government; and
 - (B) are United States citizens.
- (3) TERM.—Each member of the Advisory Committee shall be appointed to serve a term of 4 years.
- (e) ORGANIZATION AND MEETINGS.—The Advisory Committee—
- (1) shall select a Chairman and Vice-Chairman from among its members;
- (2) shall organize itself into such subcommittees as the members determine to be necessary; and
- (3) shall meet not less than 2 times each
- (f) COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, each member of the Advisory Committee—
- (1) shall be compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which such member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Advisory Committee; and